



Association of Academic Health Centers®

Leading institutions that serve society

Mission Disruption

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Overview: two parts

- I. Mission disruption
- II. Finding the right leaders

Part I: Mission Disruption

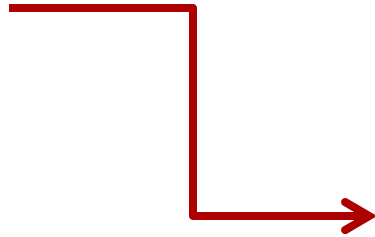
1. A clear-eyed view of our vulnerabilities
2. Impact on education, research, and patient care
3. Managing our missions: The path forward

First video (1 min)

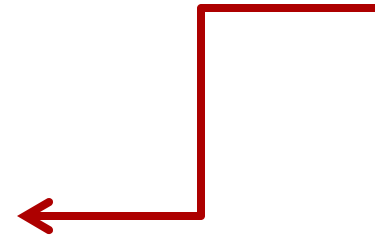
- Luddite Horses

We are a unique hybrid of business and academics

Business is
Patient care



Academics is
education and
research



dreamstime.com



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Vulnerabilities

- High reliance on clinical margins to support the missions because:
 - Education is *not* profitable
 - Research is *not* profitable
- Unclear accountability measures so *efficiency* is hard to measure
- Leadership conflicts (e.g., University, Deans, Hospital, Health System, Departments, Institutes, Centers, etc.)



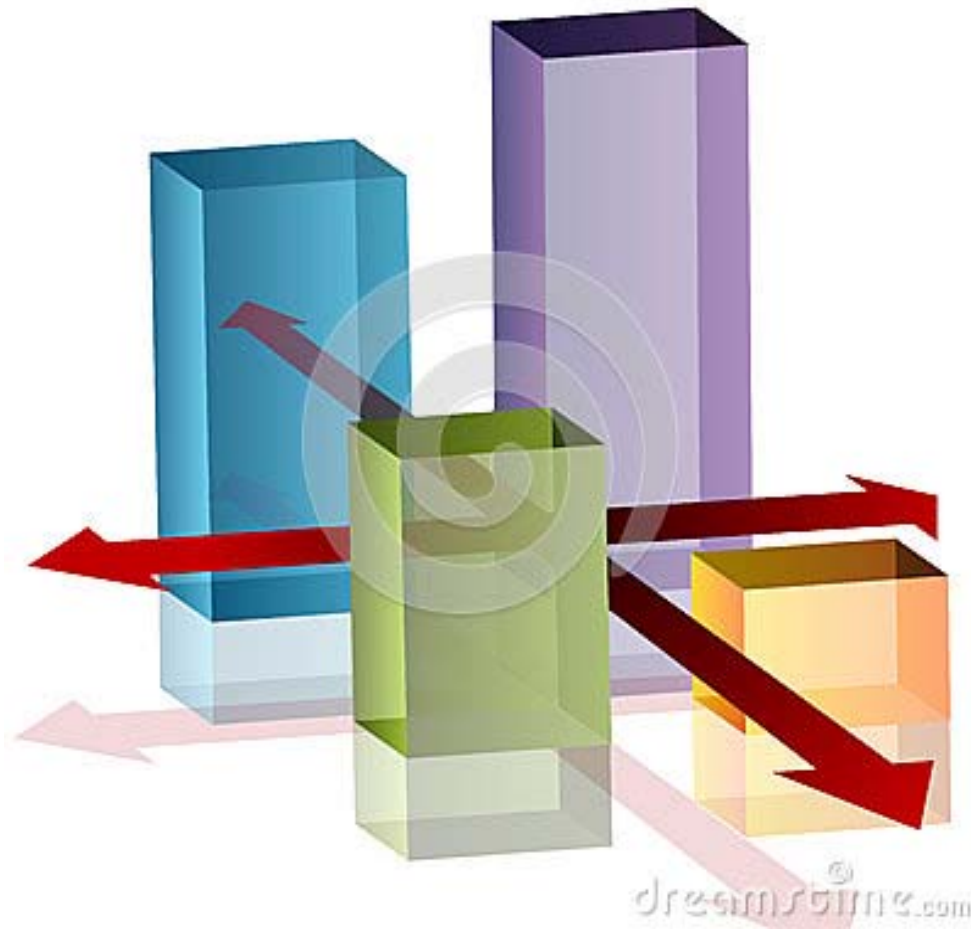
These vulnerabilities are increasingly unsustainable

The current and coming environment is forcing changes in the ways universities and health systems operate:

- Making internal inefficiencies unaffordable
- Downward pressure on tuition and related costs
- Pushing the seamless integration of academics and health care in new ways



The result: “a clash of the horizontal and vertical forces”



Impact of disruption on education

Some examples

- Electronic/digitized education platforms
- Information overload (what and how to teach)
- Tuition pressures
- Perceived job market
- Designing and executing interprofessional teaching in a sustainable fashion



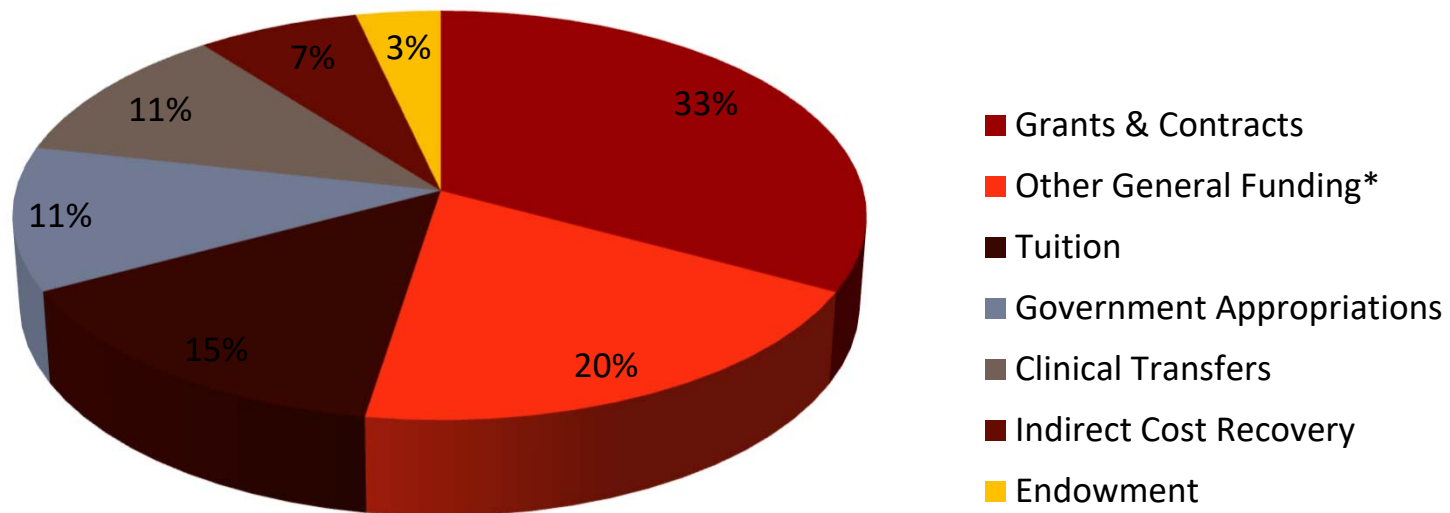
Impact of disruption on research: A confluence of factors

- Socio-Political
- Rise of “Team Science”
- Economics
- Democratization of information
- Crowd-sourcing
 - What constitutes a clinical trial?
- Management of huge data sets
- “Control” of research



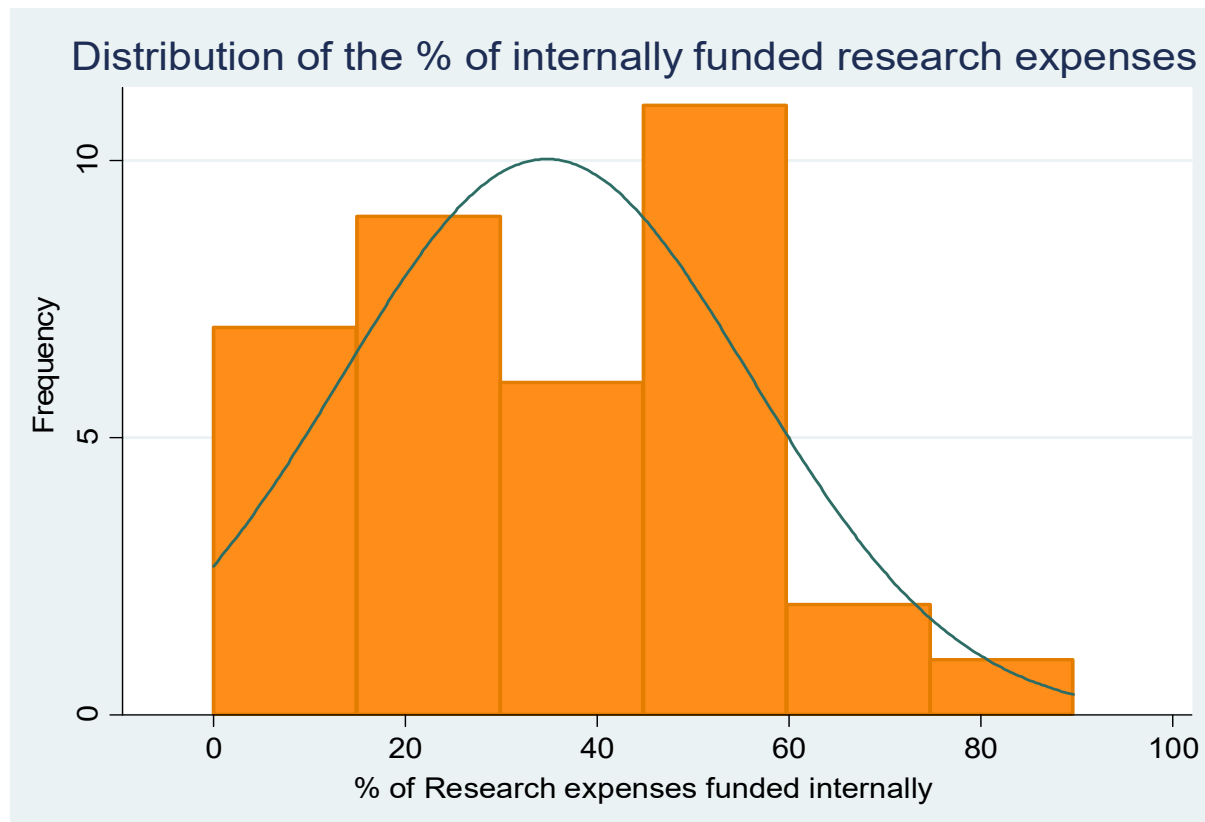
On average, external grants and contracts are the largest funding source for U.S. medical schools

Composition of Medical School Funding Sources



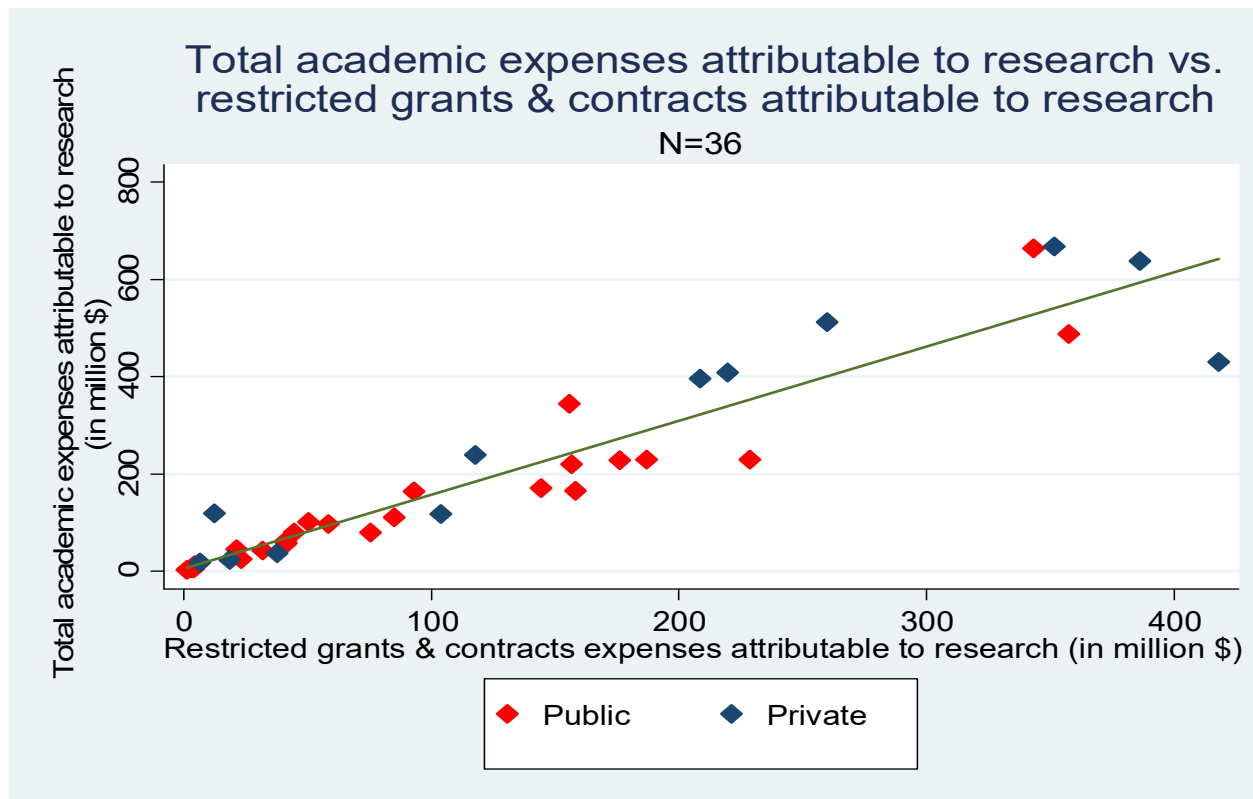
On average, 35% of total research expenses are funded by U.S. medical schools with internal funds

(95% confidence interval of 27%-42%)



Note: Internally funded research expenses are academic expenses attributable to research that are NOT funded externally (e.g., sponsored research, government appropriations).

Multiplier Effect: For every \$1.00 increase in research expenses funded by external grants & contracts, U.S. medical schools pay an additional \$.52



New cost structure for research needed

Is the single-lab, R01 funded PI a dinosaur?



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Impact of disruption on patient care

- Care is moving from a *fixed setting* to *wherever* the patient may be
- *Real-time* continuous monitoring of patients
- *Big clinical data sets*: how to manage and operationalize them
- The Pandora's Box of technology and new entrepreneurial income streams
- Patient empowerment
- Shifting from provider control to “crowd control”



What's being created:

The new “physics” of patient care

$$E = mc^3$$



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$$E = mc^3$$

The Emerging model of healthcare^a, where:

- m = the population, both individually and collectively
- c³ =
 - c¹ = care anywhere
 - c² = care in teams
 - c³ = care by large data sets

a. Inspired by Eric Dishman's Ted Talk at http://www.ted.com/talks/eric_dishman_health_care_should_be_a_team_sport.htm.

Second video (1 min)

- Professional Bots

But what will the payment models look like?

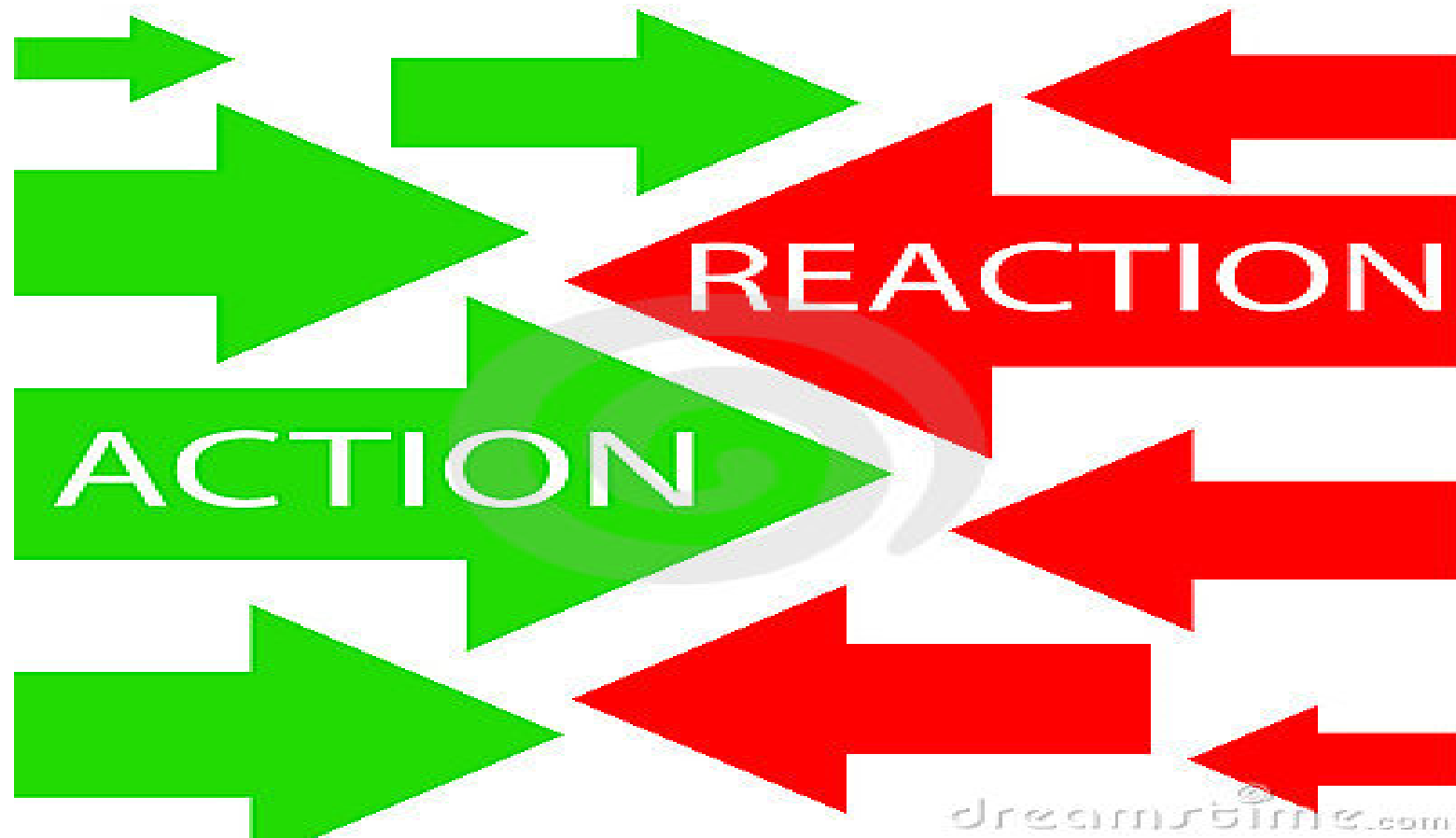
- Short-term: Some kind of Blended/Hybrid model
 - PMPM with FFS carve outs
 - Shared savings (for ACOs)
 - Partial capitation
- This changes the incentives and care delivery models
- Raises the important issue of *Taking Risk*

Is there a best way to pay healthcare providers?

“There are many mechanisms for paying physicians; some are good and some are bad. The three worst are fee-for-service, capitation, and salary.”¹

1. Robinson JC. Theory and Practice in the Design of Physician Payment Incentives. *Milbank Q* 2001;79 (2)

So how are academic health centers responding?



Our members reactions

- Less angst this year than last
 - Institutions are coming to terms with strategic directions in a fairly chaotic environment
- Dominant concerns
 - Clinical market consolidation
 - Clinical funds flows
 - Research funding
 - Leadership transitions



Early results from our latest member profile survey

- 41% are undergoing major expansions of their hospital or physician network
- 37% are embarking upon large scale cost-reduction initiatives
- 36% are opening a new health professions school or new branch campus
- 31% are changing their governance structures or significant reporting relationships



Here is the existential problem

“Institutions seek to preserve the problem to which they are the solution.”

- Clay Shirky

What members are doing

1. Deciding on the best “mission-balance” for the institution

- Emphasizing those areas where the institution can make the most difference and greatest contributions
- Budgeting accordingly

What members are doing

2. Preparing for the era of no more open-ended funding

- Developing methodologies and tools to assess efficiency, especially in those areas chosen for emphasis
 - E.g., Determining what is meant by research, education, and administrative FTEs
- Establishing how much an institution is willing to invest in both current and new areas and gauge how to account for optimization



What members are doing

3. Developing an integrated, interprofessional vision

- Improving internal interconnectivity at all levels to capture the combined power of your components
- Shifting the operations and leadership of the academic health center from a highly siloed enterprise to an aligned organizational structure
- Developing networked and interconnected consortia with other institutions on a national and international basis



What members are doing

4. Broadening the understanding of what they do

- Actively incorporating disciplines previously viewed as external (e.g., engineering and business management) as core healthcare disciplines to facilitate health system change
- Shifting view of mission from management of individual patients to management of community and population health (locally, regionally, nationally, and globally)



What members are doing

5. Gaining a deeper understanding of the operational implications of assuming more financial risk for population health

- Risk will be assumed either directly or through networks
- Risk goes beyond the cost and quality of individual procedures

What members are doing

6. Trying to find the right leaders

- We'll talk about this in Part II

Discussion and break-out



Part II: Finding the right leaders

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Academic Health Systems

- Are “most complex inventions”
- Require the highest level of leadership to be successful



Why is it hard to find the right leaders?

Pitfalls

- Leadership is opaque
- Search committees and decision makers tend to evaluate academic skills as opposed to leadership skills
- The problem of the “accidental leader”









Why do leaders “fail”?

- Bad “fit” for the organization
- Knowledge gap
- An unexpected crisis
- Politics
- **Most common: lack of leadership skills**



Academic skills vs Leadership skills

Academic

- Intellectual capacity 
- Narrow knowledge base 
- Strong work ethic 
- Highly self-motivated 
- Gets individual results 
- Rises up the academic ladder 

Leadership

- Emotional intelligence
- Broad range of interests
- Strong work ethic
- Highly institution-motivated
- Gets institutional results
- Manages 360

The point

- Academic excellence is not guaranteed to translate into successful leadership

However...

- A deep belief in the academic missions is essential

A common pitfall in leadership searches

Confuse confidence, charismatic narcissism,
and/or arrogance with *competence*



A common pitfall in leadership searches

“Arrogance and overconfidence are inversely related to leadership talent”

- Tomas Chamorro-Premuzic

“Another person’s narcissism has a great attraction for those who have renounced part of their own...as if we envied them for maintaining a blissful state of mind.”

- Sigmund Freud



Characteristics of Successful Leaders

Personal Traits

- *Emotional intelligence*
- Altruistic
- Principled
- Humility
- Optimistic
- Sense of humor

Abilities

- Inspires trust and ideas
- Delegates
- Communicates
- Works with teams
- Uses power appropriately
- Manages all stakeholders
- Campaigns effectively
- Makes timely decisions



Emotional intelligence

1. Self-awareness
2. Self-regulation
3. Motivation
4. Empathy
5. Social Skill



The search *process*

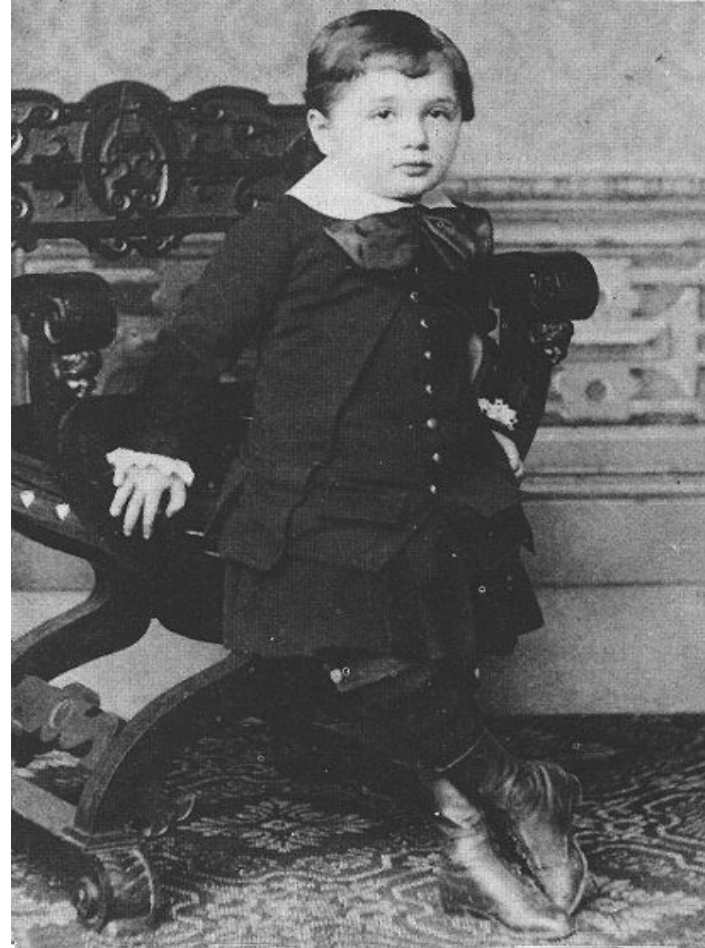
A suggested structure

- Three phases
 - Pre-search
 - Active search
 - Post search



But first consider: what *type* of leader is needed?

Some leadership types



Some leadership types



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Some leadership types



The leadership type needed for your institution/school/department



?



We need to do a better job of developing and supporting leadership

- Demystifying organizational administration
 - Show people what you do and how you do it
 - Be transparent in decision-making and management
 - Succession planning



What can I do to be a better leader?

- Try to self-reflect
- Gain a deep understanding of your personal strengths and weaknesses
- Be willing to confront personal biases
- Strive to put your ego aside
- Repeat above steps as necessary



Remember the existential problem?

“Institutions [*and individuals*] seek to preserve the problem to which they are the solution.”

- Clay Shirky



In summary...

- *The truly transformational leaders I've met engage others around them*
- *They have the capacity to take their ego out of the job, and bask in the reflected glow of the professionals with whom they work*
- *They deeply appreciate, admire, and give credit to other people...*



Discussion and break-out